# **Multiplication**

## **Worksheet-3**

#### I. Fill in the blanks:

- (i)  $8 \times 100 =$ \_\_\_\_
- (ii)  $12 \times 20 =$ \_\_\_\_
- (iii)  $50 \times 1000 =$ \_\_\_\_
- (iv)  $35 \times 50 =$ \_\_\_\_
- (v)  $14 \times 20 =$ \_\_\_\_

### II. Find the product of the following:

- (i)  $5801 \times 901$
- (ii)  $4999 \times 372$
- (iii) 5273 × 124
- (iv)  $2693 \times 254$
- (v)  $3676 \times 402$
- (vi)  $6318 \times 517$
- (vii)  $2453 \times 435$
- (viii)  $6438 \times 243$
- (ix)  $3453 \times 528$
- (x)  $3928 \times 292$

## III. Choose the right answer:

- **A**. When we multiply numbers we get their:
- (i) Sum
- (ii) Difference
- (iii) Product
- (iv) Quotient

<b>B.</b> When w	e multiply a	any number b	y 0, the answ	wer is:
(i) Number it self		(ii) 0	(iii) 1	(iv) Remainder
C. When we multiply any number by 1, the answer is:				
(i) Number it self		(ii) 0	(iii) 1	(iv) Remainder
<b>D</b> . Multiplication is also known as Repeated:				
(i) Predecessor (ii) Subtraction (iii) Addition (iv) Successor				lition (iv)
<b>E</b> . Which of the following is equal to $5 \times 12$ ?				
(i) 12 + 12 + 12 (ii) 48 (iii) 12 + 12 + 12 + 12 + 12 (iv) 5 + 5 + 5 + 5				
<b>F</b> . $389 \times 0 =$				
(i) 389	(ii) 3890	(iii)	38900	(iv) 0
G. Double of 56 is:				
(i) 56	(ii) 112 (iii) 156 (iv) 560			
<b>H</b> . Triple of 41 is:				
(i) 41	(ii) 410	(iii) 82	(iv) 12	23