

Chapter-1
Worksheet-1

Q1. Which of the following fibres are obtained from the fleece of animals?

- (a) Jute
- (b) Cotton
- (c) Nylon
- (d) Wool

Q2. Cotton is usually picked by hand. Fibres are then separated from the seeds by combing. This process is called _____ of cotton.

- (a) Matching
- (b) Ginning
- (c) Weaving
- (d) Spinning

Q3. Jute fibre is obtained from the _____ of the jute plant.

- (a) Stem
- (b) Flower
- (c) fruit
- (d) Seed

Q4. The process of making yarn from fibres is called _____.

- (a) Looming
- (b) Ginning
- (c) Weaving
- (d) Spinning

Q5. The process of arranging two sets of yarns together to make a fabric is called _____.

- a) Looming
- (b) Ginning
- (c) Weaving
- (d) Spinning

Q6. Weaving of fabric is done on _____.

- (a) Looming
- (b) Ginning
- (c) Weaving
- (d) Spinning

Q7. Which of the following is not a natural fabric?

- (a) Silk
- (b) Nylon
- (c) Cotton
- (d) Wool

Q8. Which set of substances is not used for making fibres?

- (a) Silk, chemicals
- (b) Yak hair, camel hair
- (c) Husk, bones
- (d) Flax, wool

Q9. Which statement out of the following is incorrect?

- (a) Use of Charkha was popularised by Mahatma Gandhi as a part of the Independence Movement.
- (b) In India, jute is mainly grown in Kerala and Punjab.
- (c) To make fabric, the fibres are first converted into yarns.
- (d) Sufi saint Kabir was a weaver.

Q10. Match the terms given in Column I with the statements given in Column II.

Column I	Column II
(a) Weaving	(i) A single yarn used to make a fabric
(b) Knitting	(ii) Combing of cotton fibres to remove seeds
(c) Spinning	(iii) Yarns are made from these thin strands

(d) Ginning	(iv) These are spun from fibres and then used to make fabrics
(e) Fibre	(v) Process of arranging two sets of yarns together to make a fabric
(f) Yarn	(vi) Process of making yarn from fibres

Q11. What is fabric?

Q12. On what factors does our type of clothing depend?

Q13. Why are cotton and woollen clothes rough and silk, rayon, nylon, polyester smooth to touch?

Q14. Classify the following fibres into natural and man-made: cotton, nylon, jute, wool, silk, rayon, polyester.

Q15. What is known as golden fibre?

Q16. Name the plant from which jute is obtained. From which of its part do we get jute?

Q17. Which method is used to harvest cotton from the plants?

Q18. What is ginning ?

Q19. Which type of soil is the best for the cultivation of cotton?

Q20. What are the uses of cotton?