# Chapter-5 <br> Understanding Elementary Shapes <br> Worksheet - 3 

1. The measure of an obtuse angle is -
a. Less than $180^{\circ}$
b. More than $180^{\circ}$
c. Less than $90^{\circ}$
d. More than $90^{\circ}$
2. Two same isosceles triangles joined at the base makes a -
a. Trapezium
b. Circle
c. Pentagon
d. Rhombus
3. Which of the following is a 3-D shape -
a. Square
b. Rectangle
c. Pyramid
d. Circle
4. A cube has $\qquad$ faces.
a. 2
b. 3
c. 5
d. 6
5. A cylinder has $\qquad$ vertices.
a. 1
b. 0
c. 2
d. 3
6. A triangular Pyramid has $\qquad$ edges.
a. 1
b. 4
c. 5
d. 6
7. A sphere has $\qquad$ faces.
a. 0
b. 2
c. 3
d. 4
8. A cone of same height as a cylinder is $\qquad$ part of it.
a. Same
b. Half
c. One-third
d. On-fourth
9. Match the column:

| Column A | Column B |  |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| a. Quadrilateral | i.Has equal length <br> diagonals. |  |
| b. Isosceles trapezium | ii.Sum of internal angles <br> $360^{\circ}$ |  |
| c. Cube | iii.Is also called a <br> tetrahedron. |  |
| d. Triangular pyramid | iv. | Equal number of faces, <br> edges and vertices as <br> cuboid. |

10. State true or false in the following:
a. A straight angle is equal to $180^{\circ}$.
b. A complete angle is equal to $360^{\circ}$.
c. When two rays make an angle of $10^{\circ}$, it is called a zero angle.
d. A line parallel to base and passing from the middle of the square horizontally makes two same rectangles.
11. Explain how to measure angles using a protractor?
12. Describe Square and its features in detail?
13. Tell the number of faces, edges and vertices of a triangular pyramid?
14. Tell the number of faces, edges and vertices of a square pyramid?
15.Explain what is the similarity between a cone and a cylinder?
15. Solve step by step:
$360^{\circ}-270^{\circ}+180^{\circ}-135^{\circ}+90^{\circ}-60^{\circ}+30^{\circ}$
16. If an acute angle of $80^{\circ}$ is added to an obtuse angle of $110^{\circ}$, then what will be the resultant angle and what will be its measure?
17. If a right angle is subtracted from a complete angle, then what will be the resultant angle and what will be its measure?
18. If a right angle is subtracted from a straight angle, then what will be the resultant angle and what will be its measure?
19. If an acute angle of $45^{\circ}$ is subtracted from a sum of three right angles, then what will be the resultant angle and what will be its measure?
