<u>Chapter –9</u> <u>A SHIRT IN THE MARKET</u>

Worksheet - 2

Choose the correct option:

1.	Capital markets deal with stocks and a. Commodity b. Equity c. Bonds d. Forex
2.	Neighbourhood markets cater to the requirements of the
	a. Neighbourhood
	b. Shopping malls
	c. Traders
	d. Whole sell
3.	is a major problem in rural markets.
	a. Consumption
	b. Affordability
	c. Infirmity
	d. Innovation
4.	Communication media has influenced marketing.
	a. Rural
	b. Urban
	c. Internet
	d. None of these
5.	Shopping is concentrated during in the rural areas.
	a. Festivals
	b. Monsoons
	c. Drought
	d. Drift
6.	How much amount did Swapna borrow to buy seeds, fertilizers, pesticides etc.? a. ₹ 1500 b. ₹ 2000

- c. ₹ 2500
- d. ₹3000
- 7. What promise did Swapna make to the traders?
 - a. Not to give interest to him
 - b. To give heavy amount of interest
 - c. To sell her all cotton to him
 - d. None of these
- **8.** Where is cotton sold in Andhra Pradesh?
 - a. Kurnool
 - b. Hyderabad
 - c. Vijaywada
 - d. None of these
- **9.** Which is a factory where seeds are removed from cotton bolls and then spun into thread?
 - a. Ginning mill
 - b. Cloth mill
 - c. Handloom factory
 - d. Powerloom factory
- 10. Which is the largest cloth market in the world?
 - a. Tamil Nadu
 - b. Delhi
 - c. Ahmedabad
 - d. Agra

Answer the following Questions.

- **11.** Why do farmers borrow money from moneylenders?
- **12.** Why does Swapna not argue with the trader further?
- 13. Write the advantages and disadvantages of the 'putting out system'.
- **14.** How can awareness be increased in rural areas?
- **15.** Describe briefly the new types of markets emerging in the urban areas.
- **16.** What is Weavers cooperative? How does it work?
- **17.** Describe the various types of markets in India.
- **18.** What happens with the cloth sold at Erode?

19. 20.	How does the exporter meet pressures from foreign buyers? Describe the problems in rural markets?
20.	Describe the problems in rural markets: