

**Chapter-1**  
**Worksheet-3**

1. The agricultural implement used to sow seeds is called \_\_\_\_\_.
2. Allowing a field to remain free of crops for one or more seasons is called field \_\_\_\_\_ it allows the field to regain \_\_\_\_\_.
3. Peas are not rabi crops. State true or false.
4. The first agricultural task is the preparation of soil. State true or false.
5. Combines are used for harvesting only. State true or false.
6. The branch of science that deals with growing plants and raising livestock for human use is
  - (a) Agriculture
  - (b) Horticulture
  - (c) Pisciculture
  - (d) Animal Husbandry
7. Products obtained from the crops are called
  - (a) Yield
  - (b) Produce
  - (c) Crop
  - (d) Fertilisers
8. The practice of growing two or more dissimilar crops in the same field one after another is
  - (a) Crop Rotation
  - (b) Tilling

- (c) Plantation
- (d) Weeding

9. The unwanted plants that grow along with the crops are called

- (a) Fertilisers
- (b) Manure
- (c) Weeds
- (d) Kharif Crops

10. The ideal months for harvesting kharif crop are

- (a) June/July
- (b) August/September
- (c) September/October
- (d) November/December

11. Name the chemicals that are used to remove weeds.

12. Name a tool which is used for removing weeds and for loosening soil.

13. What are agricultural practices. List them in order.

14. What is the process of loosening and turning called?

15. Write the advantage of using cultivator?

16. Explain seed drill. What are the advantages of using seed drill over traditional methods?

17. What is manure? How is it formed?

18. Explain how crop rotation can help replenish soil fertility?

19. What is harvesting and threshing?

20. Name any two harvest festivals of India.

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