Chapter-5

Worksheet-2

Choose the correct option:

- 1. What were the situations which forced the Albanians to stop the massacre?
- (a) The USA ordered to arrest the Leader Milosevic
- (b) The Serbs turned hostile to leader
- (c) Several countries intervened to stop the massacre
- (d) None of these
- 2. What was the result of the intervention by the other countries?
- (a) Milosevic lost power and tried by the ICTY.
- (b) Milosevic was given life imprisonment.
- (c) Milosevic was protected by the Serbs.
- (d) None of these
- **3.** What are rights?
- (a) Claims of a person over other fellow beings, society and the government.
- (b) Claims to the government only
- (c) Claims of the citizens to the Judiciary only
- (d) None of these
- **4.** When was NHRC set-up?
- (a) 1998
- (b) 1993
- (c) 1994
- (d) 2005
- **5.** What are the qualities of a right?
- (a) Rights are reasonable claims of persons recognised by the society and sanctioned by law.
- (b) It is only recognised by state government.
- (c) A person can only claim in a court of law.
- (d) All the above.
- **6.** Who exercises all governmental powers?
- (a) President
- (b) Prime Minister
- (c) Chief Justice of the Supreme Court
- (d) Chief Election Commission

- 7. The Second Backward Classes Commission was appointed by the government of India in
- (a) 1979
- (b) 1981
- (c) 1985
- (d) 1999
- **8.** Which one of the following statement about the President is wrong?
- (a) He is the head of the state.
- (b) He is the highest formal authority in the country.
- (c) He exercises only nominal powers.
- (d) He is elected directly by the people.
- **9.** The strength of the Council of Ministers ranges from
- (a) 60 to 80
- (b) 60 to 100
- (c) 70 to 85
- (d) 80 to 100
- **10.** Once the Lok Sabha passes the budget of the government or any other money related law, the Rajya Sabha cannot reject it. The Rajya Sabha can only delay it by
- (a) 14 days
- (b) 15 days
- (c) 16 days
- (d) 17 days

Answer the following Questions.

- 11. How does society affect the implementation of rights?
- 12. Which three qualities are required for calling any claim, a right?
- 13. How or why is the 'Right to Freedom' called a cluster of several rights?
- **14.** How can you say that freedom of speech and expression is one of the essential features of any democracy?
- **15.** How can citizens exercise their freedom to hold rallies and de demonstrations?
- **16.** Can an Indian citizen enjoy the freedom to travel in any part of the country?
- 17. Which three evils are tackled by right against exploitation?

- **18.** How does a person exercise his right to freedom of religion?
- **19.** What are the provisions of cultural and educational rights?
- **20.** Why do we need rights in a democracy?

