## **Chapter-5**

## Worksheet-3

## **Choose the correct option:**

- 1. When was the Second Backward Class Commission appointed?
- (a) 1989
- (b) 1979
- (c) 1999
- (d) 2001
- **2.** What do the Civil Servants do?
- (a) They take important policy decisions
- (b) They implement the ministers' decisions
- (c) They settle the disputes
- (d) none of the above
- **3.** What is 'Parliament'?
- (a) Assembly of elected representatives at the national level
- (b) A body consisting of appointed ministers
- (c) Body comprising judges
- (d) Assembly of only appointed members
- **4.** Apart from Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha, who else constitutes the Parliament?
- (a) Prime Minister
- (b) Chief Minister
- (c) Governor
- (d) President
- **5.** For how long can the Rajya Sabha delay a Money Bill?
- (a) 15 days
- (b) 1 month
- (c) 3 months
- (d) 14 days
- **6.** Who appoints the judges of the Supreme Court and High Courts?
- (a) President, according to his own wishes
- (b) President, on the advice of the PM
- (c) President on the advice of the PM in consultation with the Chief Justice of India
- (d) None of the above

- 7. Two features of Indian judicial system are:
- (a) Independent Judiciary
- (b) Integrated Judiciary
- (c) Dependent Judiciary
- (d) Both (a) and (b)
- **8.** Which of the following institutions can make changes to the existing law of the country?
- (a) The Supreme Court
- (b) The President
- (c) The Prime Minister
- (d) The Parliament
- 9. Which body acts as the guardian of Fundamental Rights?
- (a) District Courts
- (b) Supreme Court
- (c) Election Commission
- (d) Legislature
- **10.** Why does the political executive have more powers than the permanent executive?
- (a) Because hardly any expertise is required in taking policy decisions
- (b) Because political executive consists of the direct representatives of the people
- (c) Political leaders are more educated
- (d) None of the above

## Answer the following Questions.

- 11. Why did Dr Ambedkar call the Right to Constitutional Remedies 'the heart and soul' of our constitution?
- **12.** What is PIL? How does it work?
- **13.** How were prisoners treated in Guantanamo Bay? Write three main features of the prison.
- 14. What did Amnesty International do to get Guantanamo Bay prison closed?
- 15. What happened in Kosovo (Albania) in 1999?
- **16.** Why do some rights need to be placed higher than the government?
- 17. Why has constitution made untouchability a punishable offence?

- **18.** Women are subjected to many public restrictions. What values are neglected in this conduct?
- 19. On what grounds are 'rights' morally justified to citizens?
- **20.** How does the constitution protect our rights?

