

## Chapter-6

### Worksheet-3

**Choose the correct option:**

1. Migrations change the number, distribution and composition of the population in:
  - (a) the area of departure
  - (b) the area of arrival
  - (c) both the area of departure and arrival
  - (d) none of the above
  
2. A large proportion of children in a population is a result of:
  - (a) high birth rates
  - (b) high life expectancies
  - (c) high death rates
  - (d) more married couples
  
3. The magnitude of population growth refers to:
  - (a) the total population of an area
  - (b) the number of persons added each year
  - (c) the rate at which the population increases
  - (d) the number of females per thousand males
  
4. According to the census 2001, a 'literate' persons is one who:
  - (a) can read and write his/her name
  - (b) can read and write any language
  - (c) is 7 years old and can read and write any language with understanding
  - (d) knows the 3'R's (readings, writing, arithmetic)
  
5. Which one of the following country has higher population density than India?
  - (a) Bangladesh
  - (b) Nepal
  - (c) Korea
  - (d) Canada

6. What percentage of India's population resides in the most populated state of India, Uttar Pradesh?
- (a) 38.96 per cent
  - (b) 14.37 per cent
  - (c) 16.16 per cent
  - (d) 20.56 per cent
7. Which state has the lowest population in India?
- (a) Uttar Pradesh
  - (b) Himachal Pradesh
  - (c) Sikkim
  - (d) All of these
8. India accounts for what percentage of the world population?
- (a) 16.7 per cent
  - (b) 20 per cent
  - (c) 15 per cent
  - (d) 18.6 per cent
9. Which is the point of reference from which all other elements are observed?
- (a) Fauna
  - (b) Population
  - (c) Flora
  - (d) All of these
10. Which one of the following state of India has very low population density?
- (a) Arunachal Pradesh
  - (b) Sikkim
  - (c) Orissa
  - (d) All of these

**Answer the following Questions.**

11. Why is population a pivotal element in social studies?
12. Define the following terms:
- (a) Urban Agglomeration and (b) Sex Ratio.

13. What is meant by annual growth rate of population? Why is even low annual growth rate of population considered not good for India?
14. Describe the classification of occupational structure. How does occupational structure indicate economic development of a country?
15. What are the factors affecting health status of people of India? What are the improvements made in the health status of people of India?
16. What are the significant features of NPP 2000?
17. What are the measures taken by the NPP 2000 to protect adolescent population?
18. Locate and label the following in an outline map of India.
  - (a) The state having highest and lowest density of population.
19. Locate and label the following in an outline map of India.
  - (a) The state having highest and lowest sex ratio.
20. Locate and label the following in an outline map of India.
  - (a) Largest and smallest state according to area.